

## The Tudors | Year 4 | Autumn 1

| Important people |   |  |
|------------------|---|--|
| Henry<br>VII     | Henry VII was the first Tudor<br>monarch, after winning the Battle of<br>Bosworth Field. He married Elizabeth<br>of York to end the war. He made<br>England rich during his reign.                  |  |
| Henry<br>VIII    | Henry VIII is famous for having six<br>wives (including having two of them<br>executed) and bringing England away<br>from the Catholic church. He formed<br>the Church of England.                  |  |
| Edward<br>VI     | Edward VI came to the throne at only 9 years of age. Therefore, the country was run by his protectors, firstly the Duke of Somerset and then the Duke of Northumberland.                            |  |
| Mary I           | Mary I was Henry VIII's first<br>daughter. She aggressively tried to<br>return England to Rome and<br>Catholicism, burning those against her<br>on the stake and earning the name<br>'Bloody Mary.' |  |
| Elizabe<br>th I  | Henry VIII's second daughter,<br>Elizabeth turned the country<br>Protestant again. She had a long and<br>successful reign, including the defeat<br>of the Spanish Armada in 1588.                   |  |

# Henry' VIII's wives in order:

| Catherine of<br>Aragon | Divorced |
|------------------------|----------|
| Anne Boleyn            | Beheaded |
| Jane<br>Seymour        | Died     |
| Anne of<br>Cleves      | Divorced |
| Catherine<br>Howard    | Beheaded |
| Cotherine<br>Parr      | Survived |

## Life in Tudor times

#### Rich

Rich Tudors enjoyed much better food than the poor. Popular foods among the wealthy included: venison (meat from a deer), fish, robins, badgers, otters and good French wine. Rich Tudors often used gold or silver plates, and silver or pewter spoons. Wealthy tudors were able to enjoy various sports and pastimes that the poor could not afford or weren't legally allowed to play. These included hunting, jousting, falconry, tennis and bowls.

### Poor

The poor had to work hard and struggled to survive. Many poor people lives lived in villages doing farm work or making cloth in their own homes for very little pay. They worked six days a week and only had holy days and public holidays off work. The poor living in cities survived on bread made from flour in mills alive with rats. and pies filled with spiced meats to disquise the fact that the meat was 'off'. Those living in the country had a little more choice because they could at the wheat and oats grown in the fields and fresh meat from hares and rabbits.